# Radio Frequency Interference

Regional Preparatory Workshop for WRC-15

Lima, Peru

March 12, 2013

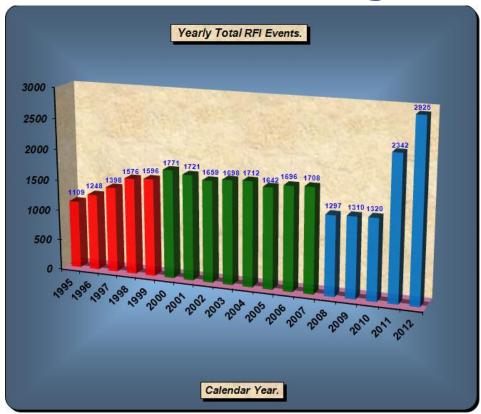
Mike Biggs
Senior Engineer
US FAA Spectrum Engineering
Services



# What is Radio Frequency Interference (RFI)?

- ITU Definition: The effect of unwanted energy due to one or a combination of emissions, radiations, or inductions upon reception in a radiocommunication system, manifested by any performance degradation, misinterpretation, or loss of information which could be extracted in the absence of such unwanted energy.
- Criteria to mitigate inter-system interference are established as an element of ICAO SARPs.
  - E.g., 8 dB D/U for co-channel DME assignments

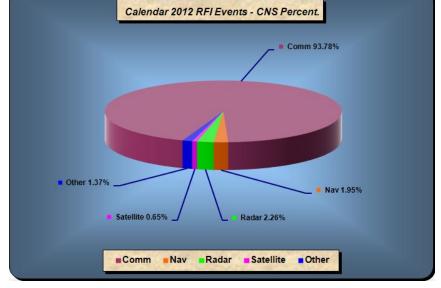
#### **US RFI Yearly Activity Statistics**



 Maintenance Management System (MMS) Data

•Event
Manager
System (EMS)
Data

•Spectrum RFI Tracking System (RFIT) Data



### **RFI Categories**

- + Authorized Transmissions
  - → Properly Licensed (i.e. FM, AM, TV)
- **→** Unauthorized Transmissions
  - **→ Wireless Video Cameras**
  - **→ High Power Cordless Telephones**
  - **→ Unlicensed Pirate FM Stations Spurious**
- **→Intentional** 
  - →Unauthorized Jamming
  - → "Phantom" Controllers 🀠
- → Unintentional
  - **→** Spurious Transmissions







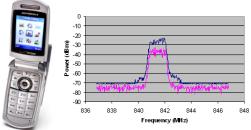


#### **RFI Sources**

- → Citizens Band (CB) Radios (5th harmonic)
- → Paging Systems
- **→ Stuck Microphone Transmissions**
- → Cell phone Spurious Emissions
- → Electronic Attack (EA) Missions 🀠
- → Power line Noise (Broadband Noise)
- **→** Anomalous Propagation
- **→** Atmospheric Conditions
- **→** Amateur "HAM" Radio
- → Land Mobile/Dispatch











### **US National Airspace System RFI**

#### → Most Common Source of RFI:

- **→** Unauthorized Transmissions
- → Pirate FM Broadcast Spurious
- → Most Common FAA Victim:
  - **→ VHF/UHF Voice Communications**
- → Most Difficult RFI to Resolve:
  - → High Altitude Pilot Only Reported RFI
  - →Intermittent RFI (Airborne/Ground)
  - → Broadband RFI on Many Frequencies
  - → Phase Shift Keying RF Transmissions



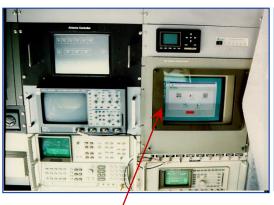
#### **US RFI Investigation Resources**

- → FAA Personnel and Organizations:
  - **→ ATO Spectrum Engineering Services** 
    - → Headquarters
    - → Technical Center
    - **→ Command Center**
  - → Frequency Management Officers (FMO)
    - → Technical Operations Service Areas
    - → Aeronautical Center
  - → Technical Support Field Specialists (Technicians)
  - → Aviation System Standards (Flight Inspection)
    - →One International FIO
    - **→Six National FIOs**

#### **RFI Investigation Resources**

- → FAA Assets and Software Tools
- → Radio Frequency Interference Monitoring (RFIM) Vans









Automated or Manual Full Equipment Suite

DF Control/Mapping 20 - 3000 MHz

Regional Used mainly by FMOs Most Complete Measurement System



# **Portable DF (RFID)**









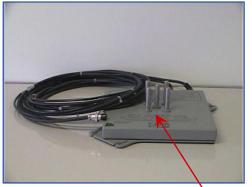




Automated Vehicle mounted mobile DF

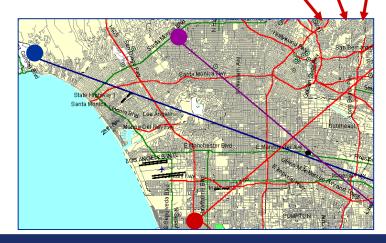
**Detection Band 20-2000 MHz** 







GPS DF Antenna L1 - 1575.42 MHz



## Handheld DF (K95-103)



Regional System Management Office (SMO)
33 Offices in the NAS

K95-103 Detection Coverage 20 – 3000 MHz Typically 2 miles



Approx. 300 K95-100 Systems



GPS DF Antenna L1,L2,L5



VHF Yagi Antenna
Directional

#### Regional

Most Cost effective
First choice
instrument for
technicians



#### **Airborne DF**











**AVN** 

Flight Check NASE/RFI Program to assist in locating RFI/GPS sources

First Choice when High Altitude PIREPS ONLY

**DF Control/Mapping Operated Automation** 

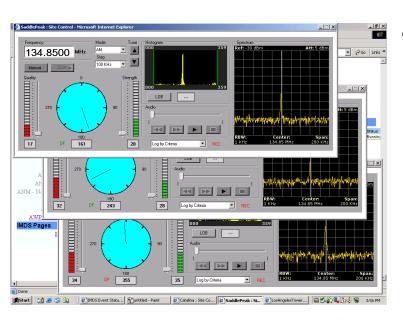
**GPS DF Array & VHF DF Array L1,L2,L5 & 108 - 174 MHz** 

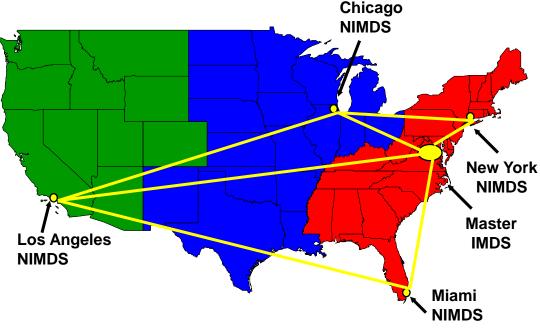


#### **National RFI Initiative**

#### → FAA Assets and Software Tools

- → Los Angeles (LAX), Chicago (ORD), New York (JFK), Miami (MIA)
- → FAA Intranet Web based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- → Web Browser Control of Fixed DF and Spectrum Analyzer

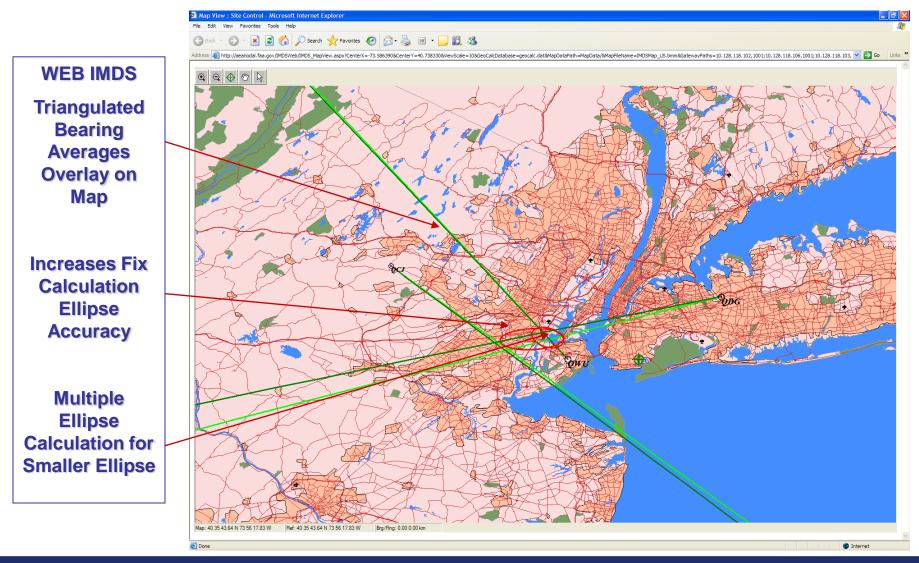




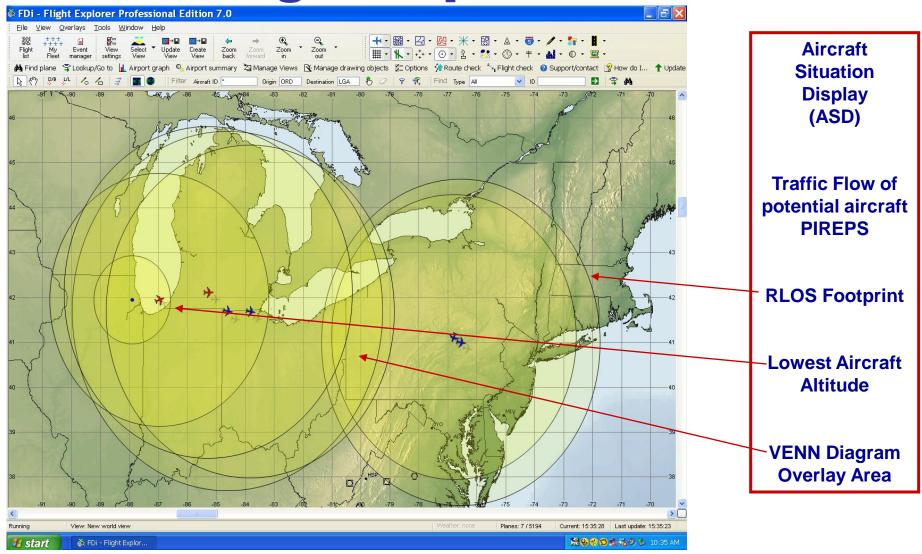
# Interference Monitoring Detection System (IMDS)



## **Mapping Triangulation**



#### Flight Explorer ASD



## **Audio Spectrogram Analysis**

